

Mark Scheme – Results

Summer 2013

GCE Biology INTERNATIONAL (6BI07) Paper 01

Unit 3: PRAC.BIOL.& RESEARCH(WA)





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General Marking Guidance

- All candidates must receive the same treatment. Examiners must mark the first candidate in exactly the same way as they mark the last.
- Mark schemes should be applied positively. Candidates must be rewarded for what they have shown they can do rather than penalised for omissions.
- Examiners should mark according to the mark scheme not according to their perception of where the grade boundaries may lie.
- There is no ceiling on achievement. All marks on the mark scheme should be used appropriately.
- All the marks on the mark scheme are designed to be awarded. Examiners should always award full marks if deserved, i.e. if the answer matches the mark scheme. Examiners should also be prepared to award zero marks if the candidate's response is not worthy of credit according to the mark scheme.
- Where some judgement is required, mark schemes will provide the principles by which marks will be awarded and exemplification may be limited.
- When examiners are in doubt regarding the application of the mark scheme to a candidate's response, the team leader must be consulted.
- Crossed out work should be marked UNLESS the candidate has replaced it with an alternative response.
- Mark schemes will indicate within the table where, and which strands of QWC, are being assessed. The strands are as follows:

i) ensure that text is legible and that spelling, punctuation and grammar are accurate so that meaning is clear

ii) select and use a form and style of writing appropriate to purpose and to complex subject matter

iii) organise information clearly and coherently, using specialist vocabulary when appropriate

Using the Mark Scheme

Examiners should look for qualities to reward rather than faults to penalise. This does NOT mean giving credit for incorrect or inadequate answers, but it does mean allowing candidates to be rewarded for answers showing correct application of principles and knowledge. Examiners should therefore read carefully and consider every response: even if it is not what is expected it may be worthy of credit.

The mark scheme gives examiners:

- an idea of the types of response expected
- how individual marks are to be awarded
- the total mark for each question
- examples of responses that should NOT receive credit.
- / means that the responses are alternatives and either answer should receive full credit.
- () means that a phrase/word is not essential for the award of the mark, but helps the examiner to get the sense of the expected answer.

Phrases/words in bold indicate that the meaning of the phrase or the actual word is essential to the answer.

ecf/TE/cq (error carried forward) means that a wrong answer given in an earlier part of a question is used correctly in answer to a later part of the same question.

Candidates must make their meaning clear to the examiner to gain the mark. Make sure that the answer makes sense. Do not give credit for correct words/phrases which are put together in a meaningless manner. Answers must be in the correct context.

Quality of Written Communication

Questions which involve the writing of continuous prose will expect candidates to:

- write legibly, with accurate use of spelling, grammar and punctuation in order to make the meaning clear
- select and use a form and style of writing appropriate to purpose and to complex subject matter
- organise information clearly and coherently, using specialist vocabulary when appropriate.

Full marks will be awarded if the candidate has demonstrated the above abilities.

Questions where QWC is likely to be particularly important are indicated (QWC) in the mark scheme, but this does not preclude others.

Question Number	Answer	Mark
1(a)	C :	(1) Computer
. ()		Marked

Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
1(b)(i)		If all four labelled correctly but one extra M = 1 Mark two extra M = 0 Marks	
	All 4 for 2 marks ; 2 or 3 for 1 mark ; 0 or 1 zero marks ;		(2) Graduate



Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
1(b)(iii)	chromosomes separated / chromosomes V shape / eq ;	at the opposite ends / poles pulled apart / split to two sides Accept chromatids Ignore centromeres	(1) Graduate

Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
1(c)(i)	(ethanoic / acetic) orcein / toluidine (blue) / methylene blue / Schiff's reagent / Giemsa /Feulgen stain / acetocarmine ;	Accept phonetic spelling	(1) Graduate

Number		Additional Guidance	Mark
1(c)(ii) Correct ans 1. number 2. 6 ÷ 84 ; 3. = 7.14 /	wer gets all three marks of mitotic cells = 6 ; 7.1 (%) ;	1 Accept 4 or 5 2 4 / 5 ÷ 84 3 (for 4) = 4.76 / 4.8 (for 5) = 5.95 / 6.0 Accept Mps 2 and 3 if number other than 4/5/6 divided by 84 to get correct percentage. e.g. 78 to give 92.86 / 92.9	(3) Expert

/xtreme	
n-pec	Qu (Nu
R	1(d)

ape.n	Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
20	1(d)(i)	 A axes correct orientation and appropriate scale (x - distance from tip, y - mitotic index); L axes correctly labeled, and with units (mm and %); P correct plotting; 	If bar graph accept Mp A, L, P and E A. Accept identified interrupted scale but this stops them from answering (d)(ii) correctly	
		S line of best fit ;	S. Not if extrapolation towards Y	
		E SDs plotted correctly ;	Must have at least one point but no more than 3 points on either side of the line	(5) Expert

Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
1(d)(ii)	answer within range 1.3 to 1.5 (mm) ;		(1) Expert

Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
1 (d)(iii)	mitotic index decreases with increasing distance / eq ;	Accept negative relationship / inversely proportional	(1) Graduate

Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
1(d)(iv)	 Idea that because there is a (large / small) difference in the means (linked to the relevant pair); 		
	0.5 and 0.9		
	2. credit use of SD data and ref to no overlap ;		
	0.3 and 0.5		
	 credit recognition of fact that some figures for 0.3 mm are the same as some for 0.5 mm (namely 8.9) or very close ; 		
	4. credit use of SD data and ref to do overlap;		
	For either		
	 credit manipulation of figures to calculate upper and lower limits e.g. (0.5 mm lower limit 7.5, 0.9 mm upper limit 4.3, 0.3 mm lower limit 8.3, 0.5 mm upper limit 8.5 / OR comment on 0.8 SD ; 		(4) Expert

Question Number		Answer			Additional Guidance	Mark
2(a)(i)	Each row correct fo	or one mark				
	Feature	HBOCs	RBCs			
	Onset of oxygen carriage action	less than a day / immediate / eq ;		Accept than RE	{ quicker / faster / less time} BC	
	Risk of disease transmission	none / (virtually) eliminates /sterile manufacture / eq ;				
	Duration of oxygen carriage action in body	3-4 days,	(up to) 3 months / eq ;			
	Viscosity	low(er) / less	high(er) / more / eq ;			
	Shelf life					
						(4) Export
	oxygen carriage action in body Viscosity Shelf life	3-4 days, low(er) / less	(up to) 3 months / eq ; high(er) / more / eq ;			Ex

Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
2(a)(ii)	1. risk of death from heart attack / eq ;		
	2. risk of renal failure / eq ;		
	3. cost / eq ;		
	4. use in bloodless medicine / eq ;		
	5. immune response / cross-matching / side effects / eq ;	5. Accept reference to antigens	
	6. storage (temperature) / eq ;	6. Accept refrigeration	(2) Graduate

Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
2(b)(i)	1. line graph ;		
	2. x-axis pp oxygen, y-axis oxygen concentration ;		
	 identified (line / bar) for plasma lower than perflubron and increasing to the right; 		(3)
			Expert

Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
2(b)(ii)	1. paragraph { 8 / 9} ;		
	 idea that Perflubron is better than plasma for carrying oxygen ; 	2. ignore word for word quotes from the passage	
	3. highest is 4x, lowest is 2.6x ;	3. when mp3 awarded also gets mp6	
	4. so supports '2-3 times as much' ;	4. this mp more likely to be awarded	
	5. Does not support 20 x in para. 8 ;	if para. 9 chosen	
	 manipulation of data (e.g. division of oxygen concentration in Perflubron by oxygen concentration in plasma); 	mp 2, 4 and 5 we need idea that data supports or does not support what the	(4)
		passage says.	(4) Expert

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Question Number		Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
2(c)	1. 2.	paragraph 1 ; issue - talks about seeking less costly / more reliable sources / ORA ;	Marking point 3 and 6 could be awarded in the issue section	
	3.	add. Info – idea that cost likely to rise because of donation supply shortfalls /	3. accept any specific transfusion cost	
	OR			
	4.	paragraph 7 ;		
	5.	issue – idea that Hb is needed in huge amounts ;		
	6.	add. Info- how much does it cost { to get this Hb? /make the HBOCs} ;		(3) Expert

Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
2(d)(i)	1. all elements, including all authors for reference 1 present ;	1. Accept in any order and all authors without initials Not if words: in the journal, issue, pages, vol or by included	
	 correct order e.g. author, year in brackets, title, journal, volume, issue in brackets, page number ; 	2. Ignore words listed above Allow single initial for author and using first names as family name	
		2 marks for	
		Fang, C.T / Zou, S. et al} (2007) Changing age distribution of the blood donor population in the United States.	
		Transfusion 48(2), 251-257	(2) Graduate

Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
2(d)(ii)	reference 2, 1. missing items - pages , issue number, vol. ;; OR reference 3, 2. missing items - article title, issue number ;; OR reference 4,	A mark for each of two missing items in context of reference chosen Apply list rule to deal with the inclusion of items that are present	
	 missing items – article title, volume, (end) page number ;; 		(2) Graduate

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